

CHINA

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HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JUNE 19, 1877.

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALGAR, 8, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street. GEORGE STREET, 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTCH, Ludgate Circus. E. C. BATES, BENDY & Co., 4, Old Jewry. E. C. SAMUEL DEACON & Co., 160 & 164, Leadenhall Street.
NEW YORK.—ANDREW WOOD, 128, Nassau Street.
AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney.
SAN FRANCISCO AND AMERICAN PORTS generally.—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.
CHINA.—Scholes, QUELCH & CAMPBELL, Amoy, WILSON, NICHOLLS & Co., Foochow, HEDGE & Co., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH, Manila. C. HEMSTED & Co., Macao. L. A. DA GRATA.

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HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

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RESERVE FUND, \$500,000 Dollars.

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Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

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T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.

Office of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East.
Hongkong, March 29, 1876.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,
AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

CAPITAL, \$280,000.
RESERVE FUND, \$110,000.

BANKERS.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE CITY BANK.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in HONGKONG grants Drafts on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange; and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

Local Bills discounted, and Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Deposits for fixed periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have just received an Invoice of COPE, BROTHERS & Co.'s TOBACCOES and CIGARETTES.

COPE'S GOLDEN CLOUD.

COPE'S BRISTOL BIRD'S EYE.

COPE'S SMOKING MIXTURE.

COPE'S PEERLESS CIGARETTES.

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COPE'S FAIRY CIGARETTES.

COPE'S FANCY BRILLIANTES.

COPE'S WHIFES.

Hongkong, May 26, 1877.

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LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. having been appointed SOLE AGENTS in HONGKONG for the well-known Firm of Messrs M. B. FOSTER & SONS, (CHIEF AGENTS in ENGLAND for Messrs BASS & Co.), are prepared to Supply ALE and STOUT of their Bottling at \$8 per Case of 8 doz. quarts, and \$10.80 per Case of 6 doz. pints.

The Superior Quality of this BEER is undoubtedly, and L. C. & Co. confidently recommend it.

Hongkong, May 28, 1877.

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FOR SALE.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s
Celebrated
Brands of WINES and SPIRITS.

Apply to

SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, June 22, 1877.

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FOR SALE.

PRESENT TEA.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.'s CUM-SHAW MIXTURE, Season 1877, will be ready for delivery about 1st July. Price, delivered free in any part of the United Kingdom, per 10 catty Box, \$14; per 5 catty Box, \$8.

Early application is requested.

Hongkong, June 14, 1877.

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NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has been appointed Sole Agent in HONGKONG for Messrs ALFRED DE MONTBELLO & Co. for the Sale of their CHAMPAGNE. Brand "DUO DE MONTBELLO;" "CARTE BLANCHE."

SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, 19th JUNE, 1877.

Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commanding at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked *h*, near the Kowloon shore *k*, and *m* in the body of the Harbour or midway between each shore are marked *c*, in conjunction with the figures denoting the section.

Section.
1. From Green Island to the Gas Works.
2. From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works.
3. From Novelty Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office.
4. From Harbour Master's to the P. and O. Co.'s Office.

5. From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Victoria Wharf.
6. From Pedder's Wharf to the Naval Yard.
7. From Naval Yard to the Pier.
8. From Pier to East Point.

Vessel's Name.	Length ft.	Width ft.	Captain.	Flag and Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
Steamers									
Amoy	4 c	Drewes	Brit.	str.	814	June 17	Siemssen & Co.	Ningpo & Shanghai	To-morrow
Belgrave	2 h	Metcalfe	Brit.	str.	1716	June 16	O. & O. S. S. Co.	Y'hama & San Francisco	To-day
Chinkiang	4 h	Orr	Brit.	str.	798	June 17	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Australasia & Porta	To-morrow
Dale	2 h	Thompson	Brit.	str.	645	June 18	Yuen Fat Hong	Bangkok	24th, daylight
Douglas	5 h	Pitman	Brit.	str.	864	June 15	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Coast Ports	To-morrow
Emmy	...	Blanco	Span.	str.	222	June 23	Remedios & Co.	Macau	MoD's Slip
Fujiishiyo	4 c	Thomas	Brit.	str.	1243	June 13	A. McG. Heaton	Saigon	21st, daylight
Me z'loh	5 c	Pasqualini	Foh.	str.	1003	June 19	Messagers Maritimes	Marseilles, &c.	
Nankiu	5 c	Grace	Brit.	str.	2480	June 14	Siemssen & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Norna	2 h	Walker	Span.	str.	606	June 17	Kwok Acheong	Swatow	To-morrow
Pasig	1 h	Yzaurita	Span.	str.	106	June 9	Remedios & Co.	Manila	
Perego	5 c	Cain	Brit.	str.	652	June 16	Siemssen & Co.	Yokohama	
State of Louisiana	4 c	Johnston	Brit.	str.	1216	June 9	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Hoikow	K'long Dock
Thales	...	Coles	Brit.	str.	8.0	May 29	Douglas Lapraik & Co.		
Washi	5 h	Hunter	Brit.	str.	265	June 9	Landstein & Co.		
W. Cores de Vries	2 h	Wolker	Brit.	str.	334	June 14	Ho Moh Leong		
Sailing Vessels									
A. E. Vidal	9 k	Schrecker	Ger.	bqe.	420	June 17	Wieder & Co.	Newchwang	Cleared
Anazi	4 k	Gill	Brit.	bqe.	468	June 4	Adamson, Bell & Co.		
Brema	3 c	Timpe	Ger.	bqe.	350	June 5	Wieder & Co.		
Erennero	4 k	Buzzolini	Ital.	bqe.	784	June 17	Carlowitz & Co.		
Brown Brothers	1 c	Goodell	Amer.	sh.	1493	June 19	P. & O. S. N. Co.		
Caribou	7 h	Lindsay	Siam.	ach.	200	April 30	Chinese	London	
Cheng Soon	2 h	Cheng Sang	Brit.	bqe.	690	May 21	Russell & Co.		
Chinaman	7 h	McKenzie	Brit.	bqe.	954	June 13	Moyer & Co.		
Daphne	7 h	Arndrup	Brit.	bqe.	327	May 28	Order		
Dauphine	...	Lellionnas	Fch.	bqe.	296	June 5	Wm. Bustau & Co.		
Diamant	4 k	Ackemann	Ger.	bqe.	750	May 24	Russell & Co.		
Echo	4 k	Tozer	Brit.	bqe.	369	June 5	Wm. Bustau & Co.		
Fifeshire	2 c	Ness	Amer.	sh.	829	May 7	Olyphant & Co.		
Fleetwing	4 c	Guest	Brit.	bqe.	915	May 29	Russell & Co.		
Formosa	...	Hyland	Ger.	bqe.	480	June 4	Sionssen & Co.		
Friedrich Perthes	7 c	Kayser	Brit.	sh.	1063	May 24	Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.		
Gryfe	4 c	Roberts	Brit.	sh.	872	May 29	Russell & Co.		
Harriet N. Carlton	4 c	Harkness	Amer.	bqe.	1239	April 28	Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.		
Hesing Law	3 c	Greig	Brit.	bqe.	603	May 5	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Helena	3 c	Snow	Brit.	bqe.	232	June 5	Landstein & Co.		
Hieronymus	2 k	Koch	Ger.	bqe.	425	May 24	Wieder & Co.		
Hieronymus	4 k	Biehl	Amer.	sh.	1352	May 13	Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.		
Highlander	4 c	Hutchinson	Amer.	3m. sc.	208	May 20	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Hongkong	...	Oom	Gor.	bqe.	506	May 18	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Iris	4 c	Rüter	Gor.	bqe.	1085	June 9	P. & O. S. N. Co.		
J. D. Peters	2 h	Lane	Amer.	bqe.	1114	June 16	Melchers & Co.		
Kandahauer II.	2 h	Zeeh	Dut.	sh.	1809	May 24	Order		
Leicester	8 h	Caddy	Brit.	bqe.	896	June 6	Melchers & Co.		
Lizzie H.	3 c	Babson	Amer.	bqe.	896	June 13	Insurance Co.		
Loiterer	8 h	...	Amer.	sh.	45	Aug. 13	Insurance Co.		
Osaka	8 c	Lowe	Brit.	bqe.	527	June 13	Moyer & Co.		
Palestine	3 c	Scorcroft	Brit.	bqe.	598	June 6	Melchers & Co.		
Panola	3 k	Lunt	Am. 3m. sc.	...	597	June 4	Kin-ty-loon		
Polynesia	2 h	Schwaner	Ger.	sh.	935	June 16	Sionssen & Co.	London	
Rob. Henderson	2 c	Gunn	Brit.	bqe.	588	June 9	Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.		
Roderick Hay	4 k	Nicolson	Brit.	bqe.	230	June 3	Caius		
Rosina	3 k	Hansen	Am.	3m. sc.	406	Feb. 28	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Rotterdam	3 k	Dik	Dut.	bqe.	760	May 26	Melchers & Co.		
Sourabaya Packet	3 c	Verdun	Dut.	bqe.	462	June 3	Order		
Stanfield	4 h	Dudley	Brit.	bqe.	576	June 16	Order		
Stracathro	4 c	Millar	Brit.	sh.	1150	May 18	Russell & Co.		
Thomas Lord	3 c	...	Amer.	sh.	1316	April 12	Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.		
Treleven Family	3 h	Brown	Brit.	sh.	198	June 9	Chinese		
Victory	3 h	Whiting	Brit.	bqe.	253	June 17	Chinese	Tientsin	
WHAMPOA									
Bombay		Smith	Brit.	str.	749	May 9	P. & O. S. N. Co.		
CANTON		Gibson	Chl.	str.	661	June 19	C. M. S. N. Co.	Shanghai	

Men-of-war in Hongkong Harbour.

Vessel's Name.	Anchor- age.	Flag.	Class.	Tons.	Guns.	H. P.	Date of Arrival.	Commander.
Charybdis	7 c	British	corvette	1506	17	490	April 5	T. E. Smith
Ching-po	6 h	Chinese	gunboat	150	...	...	June 16	Wan Lum Wan
Cristoforo Colombo	6 c	Italian	gun vessel	2300	...	...	May 4	Napoleono Canavarro
Curlew	6 h	British	gun vessel	774	3	160	June 12	E. J. Church
Hai Chong Ching	6 h	Chinese	gunboat	...	...	...	June 12	Wing Mou Cheong
Hart	6 h	British	gun vessel	465	4	120	May 6	H. N. Hood
June	7 h	British	corvette	1462	8	400	May 15	A. H. Boldero
Ling Feng	6 h	Chinese	gunboat	354	2	80	June 17	J. Farrow
Loi Tay	2 c	Anamit	gunboat	1200	...	...	June 9	M. Lettreire
Meeanee	6 k	British	military hospital	2591	...	...	...	...
Modeste	6 c	British	corvette	1405	14	350	April 13	Alex. Buller, C.B.
Mourhen	6 h	British	gunboat	420	4	60	May 28	John Hope
Patino	K. D.	Spanish	transport	1200	...	...	Feb. 23	Rapallo
Victor Emanuel	6 c	British	Commodore's flag-ship	3087	2	...	...	Commodore Watson

HONGKONG, MACAO AND CANTON RIVER STEAMERS.

Name.	Tons.	Captain.	Owners.	Name.	Tons.	Guns.	H. P.	Commander.
Fame	117	Stopani	H. & W'pon Dock Co.	An-l				

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works. It was found, however, to be simply a mark of respect purposely fired at Mr A. Andre, on the occasion of his departure in the steamer *Belgic*.

We beg to acknowledge receipt of a work entitled "Record of the Buddhist Kingdom," being a translation from the Chinese by Mr Herbert A. Giles of Her Majesty's Consular Service. The author describes the work as "a narrative of one of the most extraordinary journeys ever undertaken and brought to a successful issue. A Buddhist priest, named Fa Hsien, travels from China through India to Ceylon, on to Sumatra and back to China by sea; his object being to obtain copies of the Sacred Books of Buddhism for the further enlightenment of his fellow countrymen at home." We notice that Mr Giles, in the introduction, refers to translation of the same work by the Rev. S. Beal, Chaplain to H. M.'s Fleet,—who, we believe, has just been appointed Professor of Chinese to the London University,—stating that the reverend gentleman corrected some of the mistakes grammatical and otherwise, which disfigured a translation by Rémusat of this work, but managed to introduce in the process a considerable number of his own. The publishers of the work are Messrs Kelly and Walsh of Shanghai, and Trübner and Co. of London.

The *N. C. D. News* says it is understood that the negotiations for a loan which the Chinese have been so long carrying on, have culminated in a loan of £15,000,000 from the Hongkong and Shanghai Hank, at 10 per cent. interest. This, we believe, is at last definitely settled, and covers the loan of two-and-a-half millions previously spoken of. That is to say, five millions, and not seven-and-a-half millions, is the total amount they have borrowed.

SHANGHAI.

(news.)

The ship *Albert Victor* arrived yesterday (June 12th) having left London on the 1st of December last. She has therefore been about 180 days on the passage, and for some time past fears have been entertained that she had been wrecked.

The *Cutty Sark* took 1,341,121 lbs. of tea and the *Stad Amsterdam* 2,811,496 lbs.—The *Hawkin* sailed from Woosung on Saturday evening, having left Hankow on Thursday. She has a cargo of 5,089 tons of tea—the largest, we believe, on record. There is now (June 11th) only one vessel at Hankow, the *Cairnhill*.

The *Cairnhill*, from Hankow, sailed from Woosung yesterday (June 13th). The *Galley of Lorne* left here in the afternoon for Hankow, and is to be followed by the *Gordon Castle*. The *Glengyle* will load tea here for London, when she has discharged her import cargo.

Police Intelligence.

(Before C. May, Esq.)

June 19, 1877.

FIGHTING.

Mark Alin and Chun Ayu were charged with fighting in the street at Taipinglun; the second defendant had several cuts in his face and arms. The 1st defendant said he bought some roast duck from the 2nd defendant and found it short weight. He took it back to the defendant to change for a larger piece. This was refused him and they had a quarrel. The 1st defendant pushed him and he fell, hurting himself. The 2nd defendant stated that the 1st defendant had struck him with a basin. He was discharged, and the first fined \$1.

MENDICANCY.

Wm Clarkson, a seaman unemployed, was charged with begging food from the soldiers at the Barracks. The defendant said he came here in the American barque *Elizabeth*, about a month back. He came ashore, met with some men he knew before and got too much drink, so that the vessel left without him. He was destitute now, 14 days' hard labour.

OBSTRUCTION.

Kwok Tai Li, a cargo-boatman, was charged with obstructing the navigation of the steamer *Esmeralda* by hooking on to her before she was fastened to her moorings. The defendant said his boat was seized by a foreigner to put cargo on board the steamer, and he was told to go alongside quickly. Fined 50 cents.

LARCENY.

Chen Ayu, a hawk, was sent to four months' hard labour for stealing a jacket from a Chinese's docto at Canton Bazaar. The prisoner had been convicted before of a similar offence.

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION.

Taeng Ayu, a coolie, was fined \$5 for having in his possession two baskets of bricks stolen from some houses in course of building behind the Novelty Iron Works. They were the property of Woahang.

LARCENY.

Chow Aling, a barber, was again brought up to answer the charge of stealing a gold watch and chain from the person of one Isaac Abraham at the auction room of Messrs Lane, Crawford & Co. The prisoner said he picked them up near a lamp post at Poya Central, and he was looking out for the owner when apprehended by a Constable, but it appeared he had offered to sell them to a friend before. 4 months' hard labour.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

The remand case in which one Chan Aabin and three others were charged, the 1st, 2nd and 3rd with wounding the complainant, Chan Aham, a shrew, and robbing him of one silver watch, one \$5 note, two \$1 notes and \$4 in silver, on the night of the 18th instant, and the 4th prisoner with resisting and assaulting the Police in the execution of their duty, came on again to day.

The complainant was re-called and further examined:—He said there must have been three men because he felt five hands on him. Two of them were holding his person, while the two others were cut-

ting his purse and the last one was rubbing his face with pepper.

Wong Yung Kwei, Sergeant Interpreter of No. 7 Police Station, stated that from the information he received from the complainant he went with him to an upper room of a shop, No. 210 Queen's Road West. He found the 1st and 2nd prisoner lying on opium beds smoking opium. He took them into custody. When he was returning to the Station he met the 3rd and 4th prisoner, who interfered with him, saying "You have no staff, nor have you a warrant, and why do you arrest the prisoners in a house?" Witness said "You had better come and make a report to the Inspector." Upon which the 4th prisoner gave him a kick in the stomach, and the 3rd prisoner gave him some blows on the side; the Indian Constable saw this and took the 3rd prisoner into custody, when the prisoners were taken to the Station. P. C. 161 was sent out and arrested the 4th prisoner.

P. C. 222 was then called and said that on the night of 10th June last the complainant came to the Station and reported that he had been robbed. He saw that the complainant's face was covered with blood; his eyes, nose and mouth had pepper rubbed in them. By directions of the Inspector he went with the complainant to the place where he was robbed. He made enquiry and was told that a man called "Lame Achin" knew something of the matter. He went to Lame Achin's house, and there saw the second witness Chan Ayan. She told him about two men that one had a mark on his face, and that the other had projecting teeth. The witness then took both to the Station.

After further evidence the case was then further remanded till to-morrow, the 20th instant, for the evidence of Lame Chan. 3rd and 4th prisoners were admitted to bail in \$25 each.

SUPREME COURT.

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

(Before His Lordship the Chief Justice

Sir JOHN SMALE)

19th June, 1877.

Rajah Singh v. Abdool Khan, \$42.—The plaintiff is a Police Constable No. 574, and the defendant a watchman to Mr Chater. The claim was on a promissory note for \$42, and it appeared that interest was charged at the rate of about 14 per cent. per month, or 168 per cent. per annum. The debt was admitted, the defendant only asking for time. His Lordship gave judgment for the plaintiff, and ordered payments to be made in \$1 instalments each month, thus extending the period of payment to over three years and a half.

Melchers & Co. v. Leong Aiat, \$274.16.—Mr Breton appeared for the plaintiff. This was a case of a writ of foreign attachment, as the defendant was out of the Colony; but as substituted service of the summons had not been made on the defendant, the hearing was adjourned until the time when the writ of foreign attachment was returned.

Choy Akoon v. Augusta Curtis, \$62.25.—The plaintiff is a tailor, and the claim was for the value of some female dresses which the defendant had ordered, and for work and labour done. The defendant paid \$11.03 into Court and disputed the rest on the ground that the dresses were not fit for her use, so that she had to return them. She gave the plaintiff a piece of grass-cloth to make into clothes, and it was spoiled. She bought the cloth at Sun Shing's, and it cost her \$15.50.

The plaintiff formally proved his case, when the defendant was put into the box. She described the dresses as an "utter ruin" as she could not wear them at all. She had gone to Shanghai before the dresses were finished and they were sent up to her, but she had to return them to Hongkong. A female lodger in the same house with her, named G. Irwin, proved the rejection of the clothes.

His Lordship, after attempting unsuccessfully to arrive at the merits of the case, suggested that the parties to come to terms. It would be a very difficult task for him to go into a question of this kind,—the value and proper make, or otherwise of a lady's dresses. He would have to refer it to some one and it would take a long time to settle.

The defendant said it was very easy to decide.

His Lordship said that was only the defendant's own view of it, but he could not decide it so easily.

The defendant observed that any lady could decide it very easily, and suggested that it to be referred to a lady.

His Lordship said the plaintiff might object that a lady was likely to favour the defendant.

The defendant remarked that a Chinaman's word should not be taken against that of a lady.

His Lordship said he would adjourn the case for settlement,—say a fortnight this day.

The Defendant: We don't want to come here again. We wish it settled to-day.

The Chief Justice: I can't help that, I can't decide it. You had better come to an arrangement.

The Defendant: I can't be here in a fortnight; I am going away next week.

His Lordship: You know you can be stopped and made to remain here.

Finally the case was referred to Mr Sangster for report.

After investigation, he reported in favour of the plaintiff for \$17.50, inclusive of the amount paid into Court, the ill-made clothes and the piece of grass cloth to be kept by the plaintiff.

Judgment to this effect was given, with costs.

THE STRANGE CASE OF MURDER.

The adjourned inquest on the body of

Manol Rae, a Chinaman, was resumed this afternoon (19th) by the Coroner.

Mr George MacBain was recalled. He said that since he had given evidence, he had seen the body of the deceased. He could not identify it, but perhaps the clothes were like what the man had on when he saw the three men.

Mr Medina, who had been interpreting for the last two occasions, said now that he did not wish to have anything to do with the case, from the remarks he had heard regarding his interpretation. Mr Pereira

had said to him that he did not know

enough of Italian to interpret to the 1st prisoner, that the man's life was in his hands, and that he would be responsible for it of anything went wrong.

The Coroner said Mr. Pereira had no right to say anything of the sort to anybody except to the Coroner himself. Some people spoke a language more classically than others, but it was a thing Mr. Pereira should not interfere with. If Mr. Pereira had been present, the Coroner would have told him so.

Mr MacBain's evidence was then interpreted to the prisoners in the same way as had been previously done.

The Coroner said he had been looking into the law books on the point of examining persons in custody on suspicion, and he had found there was quite a diversity of opinion regarding the admission of such statements before the Coroner under oath as evidence against the men. But from a book he had in his hand, it was laid down that it could be so used at the trial of the prisoners, and he, the Coroner, had referred to the books in the Attorney-General's Office, and he found it had been the practice to admit statements on oath given before the Coroner as evidence against the man accused. The Coroner would therefore give the opportunity to the prisoners now in custody to say anything they liked, but they were not bound to say anything, unless they chose.

The brothel girls were again recalled to settle the point of the closing of the house on the 1st, but nothing resulted from it.

Frederick Bent, a seaman boarding at Beltrao's, was called:—I am the deceased; I had been a good friend of his. On the night of the 14th I was in the company of the deceased, as also Constantine Achinay, and the 1st and 2nd prisoners. We went to a friend's and had some gin. We drank the gin in that China woman's house (the woman produced in Court). I was tight, and did not know how much gin I drank. Achinay, the two prisoners, and myself then went to the Boarding House (Beltrao's). This was 10 o'clock, I was drunk. We left Rae, the deceased, at the corner, by himself. He was drunk. When I went in, Achinay and myself stumbled into our bunks. I did not recollect anything else. I was too tight. Achinay and the prisoners were sober. I am sure we went into the house together. I did not know what became of the two prisoners—whether they went out or not again after we had gone in. I was drunk before I went out.

Mr Linstead, the Italian Consul, again appeared to watch the interests of the 1st prisoner.

Achinay was called:—I was a shipmate of the prisoners. I was in company of the deceased before he was stabbed. I, the prisoners and the last witness went to have a drink together. When we went home, we met the deceased there. I was drunk that night. I went into my bunk and went off to sleep, and I did not know whether the prisoners went out after we came in or not. We all had gin in that woman Poon Awing's house. I was sober before I went into her house. The prisoners had their coats on; I am sure of this. Bent paid for the drinks. They had the same coats on as they have now. The concierge formerly belonged to me, but it passed into the 2nd prisoner's possession. We had it with us when we went to the China woman's house. I played it there.

The 2nd prisoner, when asked if he had any question to put to the witness, said no one had spoken the truth, and if he were allowed the chance, he would tell the truth.

Low San Nam, compadre to Mr MacBain, was examined:—On the night of the 14th, a little after 11.30 o'clock, three foreigners were making a noise in front of my master's house. I could not see distinctly their features. One had a concerto. Two of them had dark jackets on. One man walked ahead and he had a musical instrument.

I cannot say whether the three men had hats on or not. It was 2 or 3 minutes after Mr MacBain had gone in that I saw them. I did not notice their faces.

Poon Awing, the China-woman, was again called, but she threw no additional light on the case. When the prisoners came to her house, the 1st had his jacket on his arm; and the second also had his on.

Gew Azoong, a washerman, was recalled and briefly examined.

Inspector Lindsay was called:—About 12 at night on the 14th, I was called to the Charge Room. I went there and saw the body of Manol Rae in an ambulance; it was dressed in a light grey jacket, light grey trousers and a light grey shirt. I saw the wound on the left breast, also one on the right side of the neck. I then went to the place where the body was found and there saw marks of blood. Inspector Horspool made the plan produced. I traced the blood about twenty yards up to Aberdeen Street. I made every search for an instrument, but found nothing. Mr Pereira, living at No. 4, Gough Street, called me and gave me some information. I sent Sergeant Toomey to make enquiries at once of the Indian Constables at No. 5 Station, but he came back and said they knew nothing. About 2 a.m. I knocked at the door of Beltrao's, and Holmes opened the door. I asked him who was in charge of the house, and if all his men were present. He looked into the bunks and said two men were absent, viz., Manol Rae and John Harvey. The 1st prisoner was lying asleep in his bunk. When he awoke, he seemed very anxious to know what was the matter. I next made enquiry in all the brothels, and in brothel No. 8 I found the concierge in Court. This was about 4 a.m. I found it in the front room, occupied by Leong Sing Yow. She told me that it belonged to a Portuguese, and that the owner would come for it in the morning. I asked her where the man lived, but she did not know. He next went to the boarding house in Tank Lane (Beltrao's). I suspected the 1st defendant because of the name he gave me, resembling that of a Portuguese lady. The 2nd prisoner was the 1st prisoner's companion, and as he spoke French, and from the description the Portuguese lady gave me, I thought he was a Frenchman. I took both into custody. I searched the bunks. He saw me making the search, and he took the revolver produced from under the mattress. He also took out some cartridges. I took it from him. He said "Nothing, nothing." I gave it back to him, wishing to see what he would do. He went to the store-room. The door of the store was open; this was about 8 a.m. He looked the revolver and cartridges into the box. The prisoners were taken into custody about 1 past 11 a.m. on the 15th instant. I examined their clothes, but there was nothing suspicious about them. I searched them and in each I found a knife; in the 1st was a sailor's knife, and in the 2nd a pen-knife.

Leong Sing Yow, a washerwoman, Sergeant of Police,

No. 524, was called. Nothing new was elicited from him.

The prisoners were then told that if they chose, they could make a statement on oath, but they must remember that whatever they said, would be taken down and might be used as evidence against them.

The 1st prisoner then put himself forward to make a statement, but he objected to the interpretation. His examination was therefore postponed.

The 2nd prisoner was then examined:—I am a native of Austria. I know I am charged on suspicion of being concerned in the murder of Manol Rae. I thoroughly understand the position I am now in, and it is at my own risk that I am now a witness. I came here in the J. D. Peters.

Three of us got our discharge on the 13th instant. We went to Beltrao's boarding house. I do not remember having seen the deceased at all on the 14th. About 8 p.m., I, Bent, Achinay and Giacomo went out for a drink in a house. The deceased was at the door of the house before we went in. This was the China woman Poon Awing's house. Four of us went up to a room; the deceased was still down below. The deceased afterwards came up and joined us. Bent called for a bottle and gave us a drink all round. The deceased also had a drink. We had three bottles altogether. It was a white liquor kept in vinegar bottles. Achinay had the concerto and was playing with it. Bent asked the deceased to pay for the liquor, but I did not exactly understand the word, it being spoken in Spanish. Deceased said he had no money to pay, and Giacomo paid one shilling. The mistress of the house gave 10 cents back in exchange. The price for one pint bottle was 4 cents each. It was for a quart bottle that Giacomo paid a shilling. We then all left for the boarding house; this was 10 or 11 p.m. I went inside for a necessary purpose and left the others in the street in front of the house. Daniel Roberts saw me there. When I came out every one of them was gone. I looked into their bunks and found no one there. I saw Holmes lying on a bench inside the house. I then went to see a woman in a brothel whom I had promised to see. The four men whom I left in the street had my coat. The last I saw of it was in the possession of Achinay. I left the boarding house at about 10.30 p.m., and went straight to the brothel except the loss of about five minutes, another woman having called me. She belonged to another house. I got to the first girl's house at 11 p.m. I certainly not later. The case was proceeding when we went to press.

THE RELATIONS BETWEEN FRANCE AND GERMANY.

(National Zeitung—Berlin.)

Psychologists will take note of the very different way in which the certainty of a Russo-Turkish war has been received by Germany and France. The calm philosophy with which our countrymen regard the approaching storm in the East contrasts strangely with the versatile attitude of our French neighbours. While in Germany hardly any change in the political temperature is noticeable, in France everything is thought to be possible,

INSURANCES.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

A GENTLES at all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon and Penang.

Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance granted at the rates of Premium current at the above mentioned Ports.

NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES.

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,

Secretary.

Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL.—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against the Risk of FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on Coals in Matches, on Goods on board Vessels, or on Hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be received, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single Life.

For Rates of Premiums, forms of proposals or any other information, apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Agents Hongkong & Canton.

Hongkong, January 4, 1871.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

MELCHERS & Co.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

NOTICE.

POLICIES granted at current rates on Marine Risks to all parts of the World. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Two Thirds of the Profits are distributed annually to Contributors, whether Shareholders or not, in proportion to the net amount of Premiums contributed by each, the remaining third being carried to Reserve Fund.

OLYPHANT & Co.,

General Agents.

Hongkong, April 17, 1873.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of \$45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein, at current local rates, subject to a Discount of 20% on the Premium.

NORTON & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and Special Act of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned, Agents at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE, to the extent of £10,000 on any Building, or on Merchandise in the same, at the usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 per cent.

GILMAN & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF

His Majesty King George The First, A. D. 1720.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are prepared to grant Insurances as follows:

Marine Department.

Policies issued at current rates payable either here, in London, or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at current rates. A discount of 20% allowed.

Life Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £2,000 at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,

Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

MANCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned Agents are in receipt of instructions from the Board of Directors authorising them to issue Policies to the extent of £10,000 on any one first class risk, or to the extent of £15,000 on adjoining risks at current rates.

A Discount of 20% allowed.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,

Hongkong, January 8, 1875.

MANCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,

Hongkong, October 14, 1875.

INSURANCES.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL TALES 400,000, EQUAL TO \$555,555.¹⁶

Directors.

LEE SING, of the Lai Hing Firm. CHAN SHUEN LAI, of the Lai Yuen Firm. WONG YIK FUN, of the Chun Cheong Wing Hong.

FUNG SOY FUNG, of the Tung Sang Wo Hong. WONG PAK CHEONG, of the San Tye Lee Hong.

PUN PONG, of the Wy Sing Elm. Manager—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS ON GOODS, ETC., TAKEN AT CURRENT RATES TO AUSTRALIA, CALIFORNIA, MANILA, SINGAPORE, SAIGON, PENANG, AND TO ALL THE TREATY PORTS OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

HEAD OFFICE, 43, Bonham Strand, Hongkong, June 1, 1877.

MAILS.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAISE.

STEAM FOR SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILA, PORT SAID, NAPLES, AND MARSEILLES; ALSO, PONDICHERRY, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

ON SATURDAY, the 23rd June, 1877, at Noon, the Company's S. S. AMAZONE, Commandant MONTMART, with MAILED, PASSENGERS, SPECIE, and CARGO, will leave this Port for the above places.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe.

Shipping orders will be granted till noon. Cargo will be received on board until 4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m. on the 22nd June, 1877. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office.)

Contents and value of Packages are required.

For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office.

H. DU POUEY,
Agent.

Hongkong, June 9, 1877.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER CITY OF TOKIO, will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama on SATURDAY, the 30th Instant, 1877, at 3 P.M., taking Passengers, and Freight, for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Passengers' Tickets, and Bills of Lading are issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, and to New York, and Europe via OVERLAND RAILWAYS.

A Steamer of the Mita Biobl. B. S. Company will leave Shanghai, via the Inland Sea Ports, about same date, and make close connection at Yokohama.

At New York, Passengers have selection of various lines of Steamers to England, France and Germany.

Freight will be received on board until 4 p.m., 28th June. Parcels Packages will be received at the office until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcels Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Overland Cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For security's sake, Shippers of Overland Cargo are requested to endorse on the Envelope the Marks and Nos. of Packages Shipped, to correspond with those in their Bills of Lading.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 9, Praya Central.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, June 18, 1877.

TO LET.

TO LET.

THE Dwelling House and Office No. 1, D'Aguilar Street, lately in the occupation of Messrs DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.

The Dwelling House No. 1, Alexandra Terrace, Possession from the 1st June next.

The Dwelling House No. 9, Gough Street, Possession from the 1st July next.

Apply to DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.

Hongkong, May 18, 1877.

TO LET.

HOUSE Nos. 8 and 9, Seymour Terrace, House No. 10, Albany Road, lately occupied by the Rev. R. H. KIDD.

"Bisney Villa," Pok-fok-lum, furnished.

DAVID SASOON, SONS & Co.

Hongkong, February 18, 1877.

TO BE LET.

THE Premises No. 38, Queen's Road, late in the occupation of THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED.

Apply to TURNER & Co.

Hongkong, May 10, 1877.

INTIMATIONS.

AFONG, PHOTOGRAPHER.

by appointment to

H. E. SIR ARTHUR KENNEDY, GOVERNOR OF HONGKONG; and to

H. L. H. THE GRAND DUKE ALEXIS OF RUSSIA.

WYNDHAM STREET, FORMERLY ATHLETIC CLUB,

HAS on hand the Largest and Best

Collection of Views of China, Photographic Albums, Frames, Cases, &c., of

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Supply of very handsome Basel Albums of

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Illuminated Albums for Portraits, Tobacco

Pouches, in Shape of Skulls, Rats, &c.,

and a nice choice of Gilt Mountings for

Frames, &c.

Hongkong, March 28, 1877.

NOTICE.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING IN THE CHINESE MAIL.

TWO cents a character for the first 100 characters, and one cent a character beyond the first 100, for first insertion, and half price for repetitions during the first week. Subsequent weekly insertions will be charged only one half the amount of the first week's charge. Advertisements for half a year and longer will be allowed a deduction of 25 per cent on the total amount, and contracts for more favourable terms can be made.

Efforts have been made to establish Agents for circulating the *Chinese Mail* in all the ports and in the interior of China, all the ports in Japan, in Saigon, Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, Batavia, Manila, the Philippines, Australia, San Francisco, Peru and other places where Chinese frequent.

When the list of Agents is completed, it will be published. Agents have been already established in most of the above places, and in important ports more than one agent has been appointed at each.

CHUN AYIN, Manager.

Hongkong, February 23, 1874.

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CHUN AYIN, Manager.

Hongkong, February 23, 1874.

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING IN THE CHINESE MAIL.

FENG-SHUI: OR, THE RUDIMENTS OF NATURAL SCIENCE IN CHINA. By Dr. E. J. ETTEL. One Volume. 8vo. Price, \$1.50.